Risk Premia for Carbon

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Resources for the Future,
Dept Math TU Delft
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Current approaches

- Assume social welfare function?
 Sample climates learning distr'n
- Compute marginal damages of Carbon
- Compare risk averse utility with linear utility

Derive Lower bound on WTP from stabilization targets

Science Based Uncertainty Quantification

What Could Disappear

Maps show coastal and low-lying areas that would be permanently flooded, without engineered protection, in three levels of higher seas. Percentages are the portion of dry, habitable land within the city limits of places listed that would be permanently submerged.

Today's waterways

Land submerged by rising oceans

Select sea level rise over current level:

25 feet: Potential level in coming centuries, based on historical climate data.

12 feet: Potential level in about 2300 if nations make only moderate pollution cuts.

5 feet: Probable level in about 100 to 300 years.

O feet: Today's sea levels and land area.

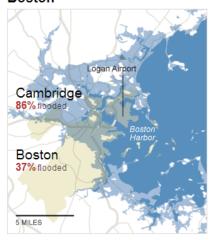
Notes on sea level estimates

Baltimore 12% flooded



Flooding extends over much of downtown and many waterfront communities, like Dundalk.

Boston



The downtown island shrinks to mostly Beacon Hill. Many shore communities are flooded.

Charleston, S.C. 80% flooded



The coast moves up to 10 miles inland. The old city is submerged.

Houston



Jacksonville, Fla. 56% flooded



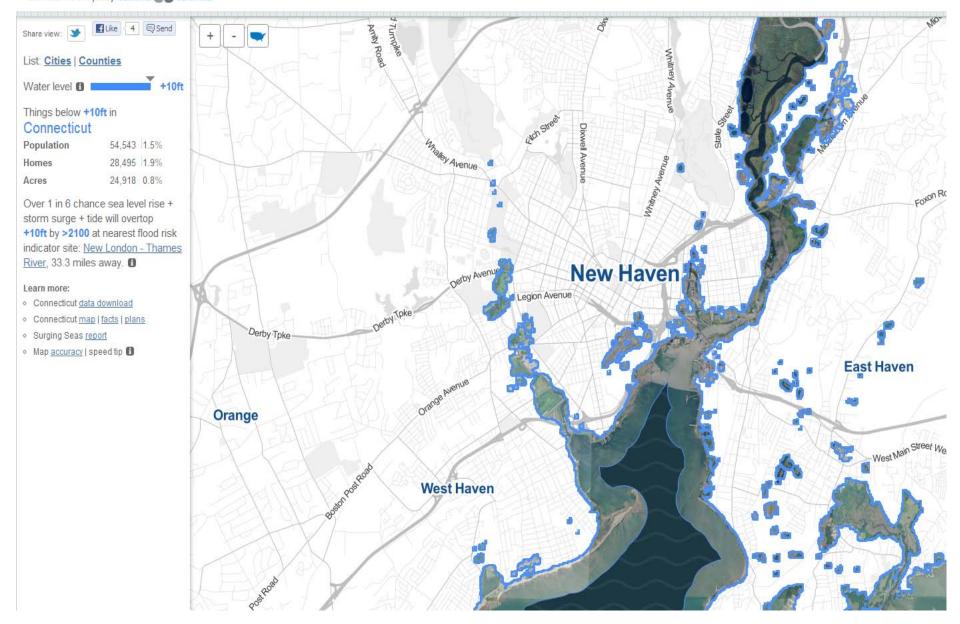
Los Angeles area



Surging Seas

Sea level rise analysis by CLIMATE (C) CENTRAL

Q Search by City, State, or



Surging Seas

Sea level rise analysis by CLIMATE CONCENTRAL



List: Cities | Counties

Water level 1 +10

Things below +10ft in Washington, DC

 Population
 6,070
 1.0%

 Homes
 2,656
 0.9%

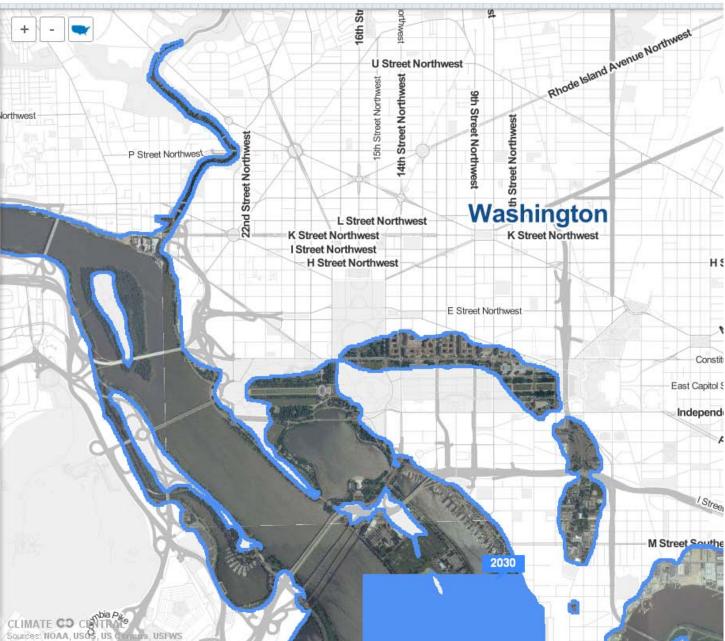
 Acres
 2,549
 6.5%

Over 1 in 6 chance sea level rise + storm surge + tide will overtop

+10ft by 2030 at nearest flood risk indicator site: Washington - Potomac River, 2.2 miles away.

Learn more:

- · Washington data download
- o DC map | facts | plans
- · Surging Seas report
- Map accuracy | speed tip





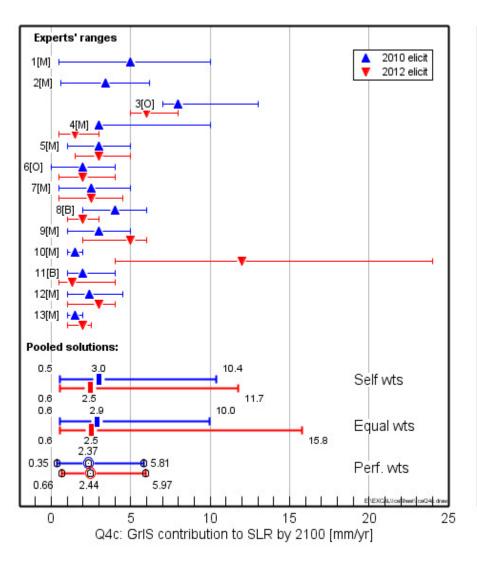
opular tourist destination: The art deco district of Ocean Drive in Florida as it looks today



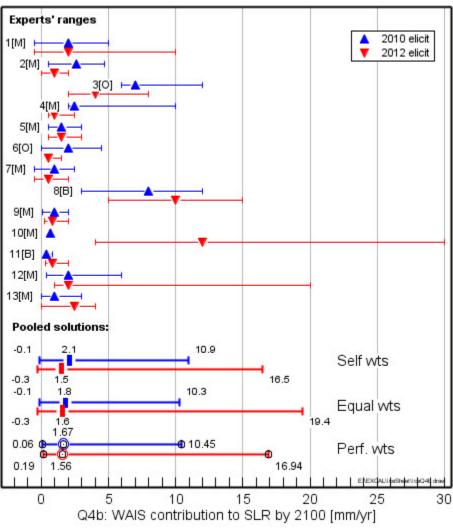
Ice Sheet contribution to SLR @3C, 2100 [mm/yr]

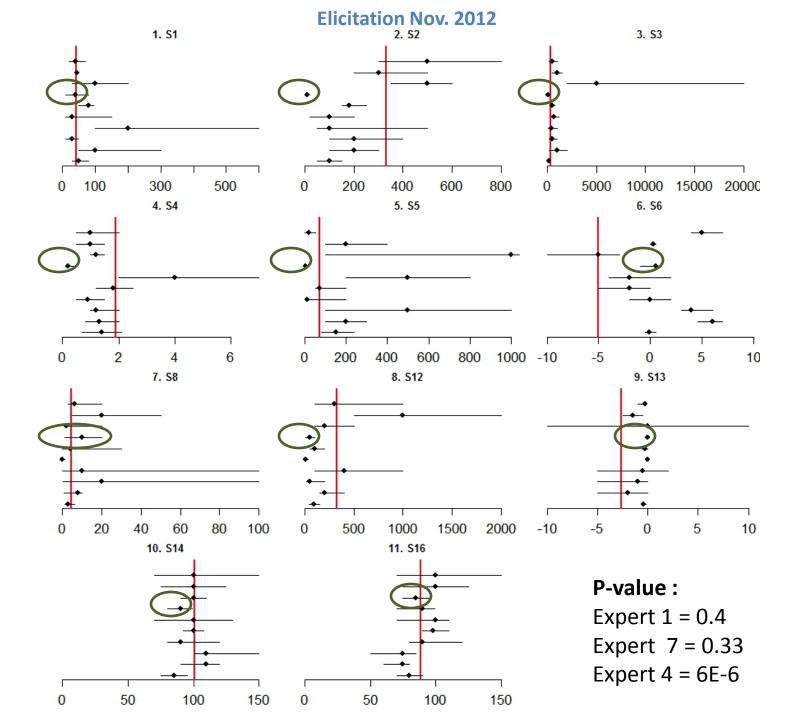
http://www.nature.com/nclimate/journal/v3/n4/full/nclimate1778.html

Greenland



West Antarctica





Inter agency memo on SCC

- Damages
- Roe Baker cs
- DICE, PAGE, FUND

Risk Swap

Anderson and Bows' (2011): international agreements express society's desire to swap:

current climate risk along with BAU path

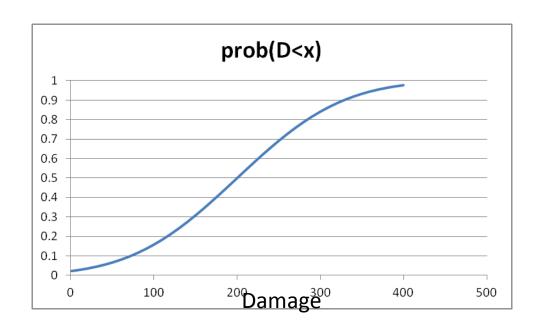


risk of emissions path satisfying:

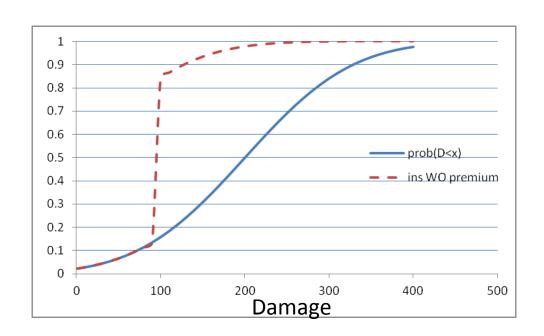
the probability of raising mean temperature by more than 2°C in 200 years should not exceed 19%.

What would a risk neutral insurer charge?

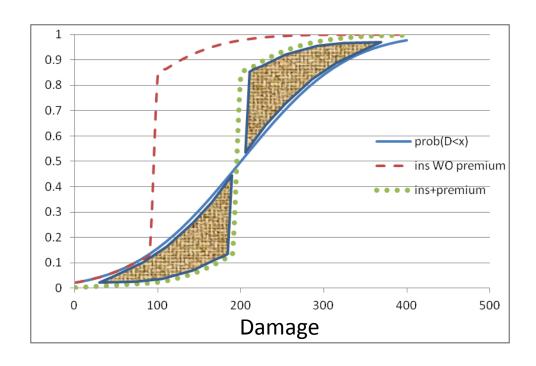
Current Climate Risk (BAU) is distributed as:



We would like our climate risk to be:



What would a risk neutral insurer charge?



We get lower Expected disutility

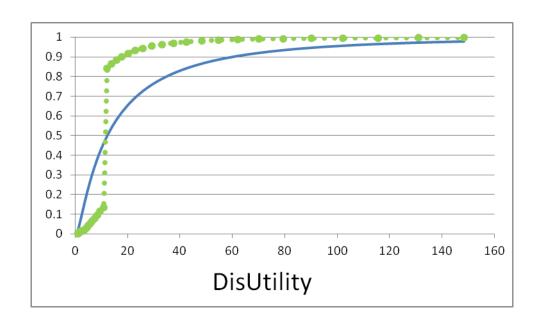


Figure 2: Temperature Distribution in 200 years for BAU (left) and DICE optimized (right). The horizontal axis is maximum temperature in 200 years, the vertical axis is cumulative probability.

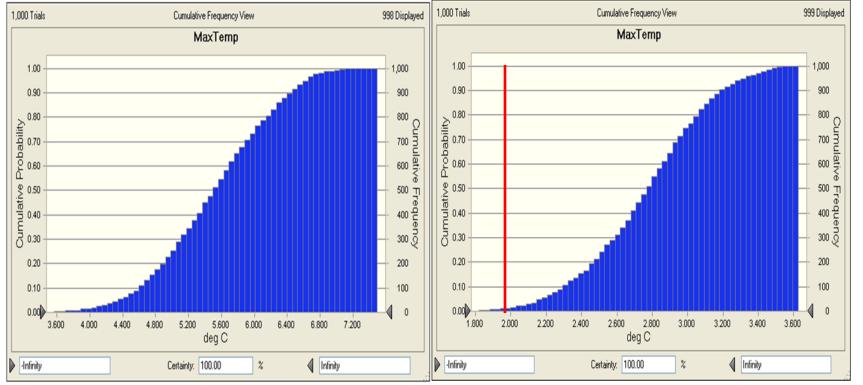
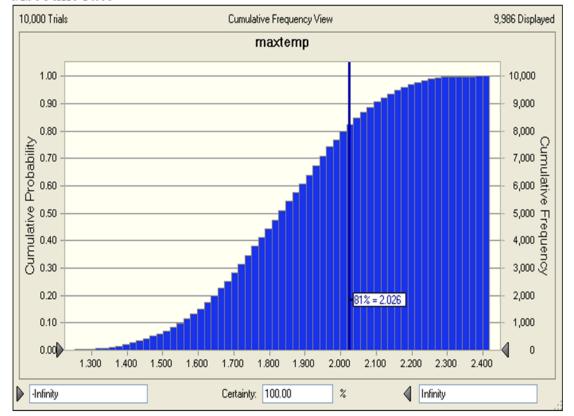


Figure 3 Cumulative <u>distribution</u> for maximum temperature for min cost risk compliant emissions path for 2.5% discount rate



Damage allocation

- Damages depend on previous and future emitters
- Shapley value for allocating damages to periods

SCC [2008\$/GtCO₂]

		Marginal + Premium discount rate			marginal damages discount rate			Risk Premium discount rate		
Total Risk compliant		0.025	0.03	0.05	0.025	0.03	0.05	0.025	0.03	0.05
2015	Mean	96	66	21	68	48	17	29	17	3
2025	Mean	93	63	18	64	44	14	30	18	4
2035	Mean	89	59	15	59	40	11	30	19	4
BAU Marginal										
2015	Mean	75	53	19						

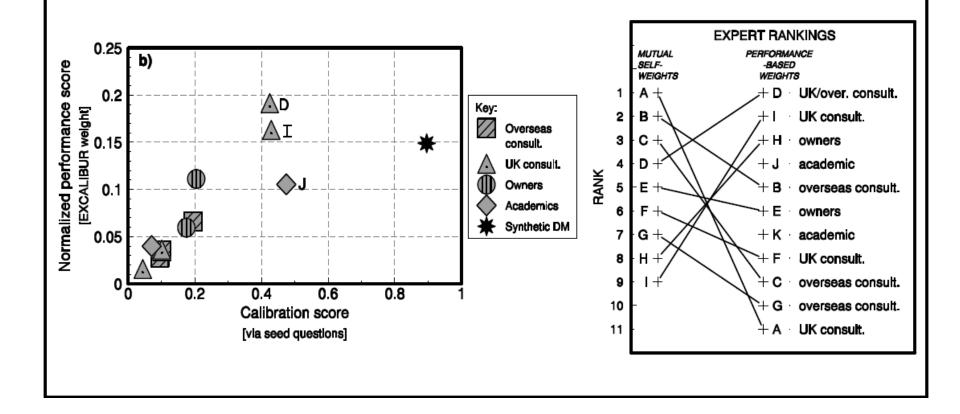
2025 Mean

2035 Mean

Thanks Michael

Reservoir engineers: performance-based scores, and mutual weightings

Note big discrepancies between performance-based ranking and a priori ranking from mutual weighting exercise (RH panel)



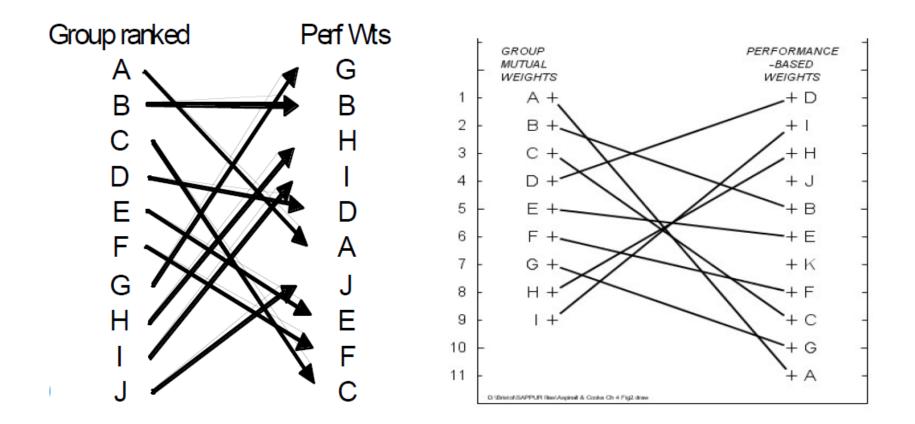


Figure 3: Expert mutual self-weights and performance ranking, Ice sheets (Nov 2012) left and Dam safety right (Aspinall and Cooke, 2013)

Some Variables of Interest; ice sheet elicitation Nov. 2012

```
Greenland, 3°C, 2100, discharge
1 [----*----]
   [-----]
      [---*---]
    [-----]
   [------]
     [------
 [-----]
10 [--------
193
Greenland, 3°C, 2100, accumulation
                   [-----]
                 [-----]
                  [----1
perf wgt
   -70
Greenland, 3°C, 2100, runoff
1 [-----]
  [-----
     [----*
  [-*]
  [---*-]
   [------1
     [------1
1E-005
                         35
```

```
46 Item name: WA8t22kaccum Scale: UNI
Experts
  1
Perf
EW
    -770
Item no.: 47 Item name: WA8t22krunoff Scale: UNI
Experts
 10
Per *====
    1E-005
                                                                            500
Item no.: 48 Item name: WA8t22kdisch Scale: UNI
Experts
 1 [----*---]
  2 [*]
 10
    -35
                                                                           3451
```